

Icebreaker — Tag yourselves



OVER IT STEVE

- slowly crumbling under the pressure
- doesn't see the point of exams anymore
- hasn't seen the sun in ages
- lives off Red Bull, coffee and two minute noodles



EMOTIONAL AMY

- is prone to mood swings
- takes naps because they're so stressed
- studies for 30 minutes but then takes a break for five hours
- desperately in need of a good cry



LAST MINUTE LUKE

- unpredictable sleep schedule
- crams all their notes the night before an exam
- makes everyone else stressed because they're so chill
- always forgets to bring their pens in a clear pencil case



FED UP DANIEL

- grumbles a lot
- is mad that they have multiple exams on the same day
- has studied way too much that their brain is mush
- just wants everyone to leave them alone



RESPONSIBLE JANE

- makes neat and organised notes
- has done all the past papers
- complains that they haven't studied enough but then finds the exam easy
- somehow still finds the time to exercise



"THIS IS FINE" LYDIA

- smiles but is internally screaming
- goes to the library to study but gets no work done
- on the verge of a mental breakdown
- can't stop eating chocolate

Research Design

- Two fundamental/overarching approaches:
 - What is going on? (descriptive design)
 - Why is it going on? (explanatory design)

Research Design

- What is going on? (descriptive design)
 - What is the unemployment rate in “x” country?
 - Is the level of social inequality increasing or declining across the Midwest?
 - Who in Chicago is more likely to be apprehended and convicted of crimes?
- Why is it going on? (explanatory design)
 - Why is the eviction rate in the Bronx highest out of all the boroughs?
 - Why do NYC schools “remain some of the most segregated in the country”?
 - How does personality affect an individual’s choice of career?

Research Design

1. Purpose
2. Research Question
3. Literature Review
4. Hypothesis/Expectation
 - Operationalization of variables
5. Method
 - a) Type of Study (Experiment? Cross-sectional? Time series?)
 - b) Data/evidence
6. Analysis
7. Conclusion

Research Question(s)

- What question am I trying to answer?
 - Research question framework:
 - What is the relationship between x and y?
 - How does x affect y?
 - What factors contribute to x, y, z?
 - Who is affected by x, y, z, (and where)?
 - How is x distributed in y location? Who has access to x?
 - Why does x occur in y communities/areas?
- What is the sociospatial relationship between poverty and school diversity in NYC?
- Why does poverty affect school diversity in NYC, and in which communities?

Research Question(s)

- Be specific about the parameters of your question
- What context is the question being asked in?
- Previous example question:
 - What is the sociospatial relationship between poverty and school diversity in NYC?
 - What parameters/details might need to be specified?

Hypothesis /

- Answer to your research question
- Example structure:
 - The location of x increases y.
 - x is related to y in communities, based on z.
 - X is distributed unevenly across communities in y location, disproportionately affecting z.
- What is the sociospatial access to day care centers in NYC?
 - Day care access is distributed unevenly across communities in NYC, disproportionately affecting single mothers.

Expectation

Explanatory Research

Why are school buses often significantly delayed in NYC?

a.) Direct causal Relationship



b.) Indirect causal relationship



Operationalization

- Concepts -> Operational Definitions

How are you going to measure your concept?

Examples of Concepts:

- Gentrification
- Sustainable
- Personality
- Economic security
- Race
- Impactful/Successful

Operationalization

- Concepts -> Operational Definitions

Research Question: How has the unemployment rate changed in the US during the 20th century?

Concepts:

1. Conception of an abstract idea or phenomenon
 - [Unemployment](#) - how do we define it?

Research Question: How does personality affect a person's career choices?

Concepts:

- Personality
 - Extroversion

Operationalization

- Concepts -> Operational Definitions

Research Question: How are boys socialized into traditional gender roles?

Concepts:

1. Conception of an abstract idea or phenomenon

General Interest: → **Key Concept:** → **Conceptualization:** → **Operationalization:**

Boys' socialization

Masculinity

*Behaviors prescribed
for men in society*

*Chores assigned to
male children*

Image Source: https://saylordotorg.github.io/text_principles-of-sociological-inquiry-qualitative-and-quantitative-methods/s09-03-operationalization.html

Operationalization

- Concepts -> Operational Definitions

Research Question: What is the relationship between neighborhood walkability in NYC and health? ([Built Environment and Health Research Group](#) at Columbia)

Concepts:

1. Conception of an abstract idea or phenomenon
 - Mental image of neighborhood = conceptualization of the idea of a neighborhood
 - Your turn: What is your conceptualization of "Neighborhood"? "Walkability"? "Health"?

Operationalization

- Concepts -> Operational Definitions

Conceptualization of "neighborhood":

- A bundle of spatially distributed attributes
- A community
- Group memberships of households within a specific area

Indicators of a neighborhood:

- Gated community
- School district
- Resident-perceived
- Administrative boundaries may be consistent with the notion of a neighborhood

Operationalization

- Concepts -> Operational Definitions

Conceptualization of "walkability":

Indicators of a walkability:

- Density: attributes of interest per geographic area
- Diversity: land use mix
- Design: layout of the street grid
- Destination accessibility: availability of destinations to travel to such as stores
- Distance to transit: physical distance to public transportation

Operationalization

- Operational definitions -> Measure(s) of the concept

Measuring neighborhood:

- Zip code

Measuring walkability (walkability variables):

- Density: population density
- Diversity: residential, office, retail, education, and entertainment
- Design: intersection density
- Destination accessibility: the ratio of retail building floor area to retail land area
- Distance to transit: subway stop density
- Also: safety? Aesthetics?

Measuring health: BMI (NYC Community Health Survey)

Method

- Case Study
 - Detailed, in depth investigation into a specific location/phenomenon/person/etc at a specific point in time
- Cross-sectional
 - Investigation into an area/population (group or aggregate space) at a specific point in time
- Longitudinal
 - Investigation into the same area/population (group or aggregate space) over many points in time
- GIS
 - Can be any of the 3 above + investigating over/across space

Data/Evidence

- Qualitative
 - Collection and analysis of categorical data
 - Interviews
 - Focus groups
 - Oral histories
 - Narratives
- Quantitative
 - Variables measured numerically (interval, ratio) or converted to a numerical scale (ordinal)

Example: Affordability

Exercise

- Discuss your final project proposal
 - What is your research question?
 - Hypothesis/expectation?
 - How will you operationalize the concepts of your topic?